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## A THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In a second of

Cl JAQUAYS

Group Art Unit: 1755

Fee and Other Materials

Examiner: Marcantoni, Paul D.

" " " " Treated Bauxite Tailings

s so lor Making Same

Series 499,729

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## FIF LISTING OF ALL CLAIMS EVER PRESENTED (37 CFR 1.121c)

Cla meelled).

Classic A process for treating bauxite tailings to substantially neutralize a

prediction of sodium hydroxide present therein, comprising:

pulverizing said bauxite tailings into a generally homogenous powder;

agitating said powder while adding sufficient water to form a generally

free rest

adding sufficient sulfuric acid to the slurry to neutralize said sodium

hydronomorphisms and an aqueous solution of sodium sulfate; and

separating said aqueous sodium sulfate solution from remaining insoluble

slum states a said slurry, while permitting a catalytically effective amount of sodium

sulfar and a with said insoluble slurry.

(1)

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• .	ine process of claim 29 wherein said homogenous powder is sufficiently
fler Territoria	by pass through a 16 mesh screen.
C	The process of claim 29 wherein said insoluble slurry from the treated
barrs	s is further treated to form a component of building material.
( :	The process of claim 31 wherein said building material is cementitious.
<b>C</b> 1. ·	A product obtainable by the process of claim 29.
Classic Control	A process for treating bauxite tailings to substantially neutralize a
pro:	oportion of sodium hydroxide present therein, comprising:
	pulverizing said bauxite tailings into a generally homogenous powder
Whi	mogenous powder is sufficiently fine to generally pass through a 16 mesh screen;
	agitating said powder while adding sufficient water to form a generally
free	erry:
	agitating said slurry while adding sufficient sulfuric acid to the slurry to
nei.	sodium hydroxide to a pH of about 5.5 to 6 to form water and an aqueous solution
con: ·	om sulfate formed by said neutralization; and
	separating said aqueous sodium sulfate solution from remaining insoluble
slum	u catalytically effective amounts of residual sodium sulfate without washing said
insome	
Class	The process of claim 34 wherein said insoluble slurry is further treated to
for:	ent of a building material.
Class	The process of claim 35 wherein said building material is cementitious.

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- (New) The process of claim 36 wherein said residual sodium sulfate remaining in said slurry catalyzes subsequent formation of carbonaceous crystals in said cementitious
- 18. (New) A product obtainable by the process of claim 34.
- \*\*Onew) A process for forming a cementitious material containing treated bauxite

pulverizing said bauxite tailings into a generally homogenous powder

agitating said powder while adding sufficient water to form a generally ang slurry;

agitating said slurry while adding sufficient sulfuric acid to the slurry to sodium hydroxide present in the slurry to a pH of about 5.5 to 6 to form water and an solution containing sodium sulfate formed by said neutralization;

separating said aqueous sodium sulfate solution from remaining insoluble antaining catalytically effective amounts of residual sodium sulfate without washing said solurry; and

combining said insoluble slurry in an amount of from about 5 to 50

(New) The process of claim 39 wherein said cementitious substance is cement.

Claim 41. (New) The process of claim 39 wherein said insoluble slurry is combined with said cementitious substance, compacted and cured to form a brick.

Claim 42. (New) The process of claim 41 wherein said brick is cured in a super saturated humidity environment for a predetermined time period.

Claim 43. (New) The process of claim 42 wherein said time period is at least 168 hours.

Claim 44. (New) A product obtainable by the process of claim 39.

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